

# Los adjetivos

Nombre \_\_\_\_\_

Most adjectives ending in **-e** or a **consonant** remain the same for both masculine and feminine forms.

**ejemplos:** fácil > fácil (easy)      inteligente > inteligente (smart)

Several adjectives of this type are . . .

**excelente** = excellent

**paciente** = patient

**grande** = big

**impaciente** = impatient

**difícil** = difficult

**interesante** = interesting

**independiente** = independent

**inocente** = innocent

**Note:** Adjectives generally come **after** the nouns they describe in Spanish.

**ejemplos:** an **easy** test = un examen **fácil**      a **tall** girl = una chica **alta**

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the underlined adjective in each phrase. **Remember**—Some adjectives change form because of gender.

1. a smart man = un hombre \_\_\_\_\_
2. a pretty woman = una mujer \_\_\_\_\_
3. a big car = un carro \_\_\_\_\_
4. a thin book = un libro \_\_\_\_\_
5. a dark-skinned girl = una chica \_\_\_\_\_
6. an innocent boy = un niño \_\_\_\_\_
7. a patient mother = una madre \_\_\_\_\_
8. an independent country = un país \_\_\_\_\_
9. a short boy = un chico \_\_\_\_\_
10. a blond teacher = una maestra \_\_\_\_\_
11. an ugly monster = un monstruo \_\_\_\_\_
12. an interesting class = una clase \_\_\_\_\_
13. an excellent movie = un cine \_\_\_\_\_
14. a difficult test = un examen \_\_\_\_\_
15. a big house = una casa \_\_\_\_\_
16. a fat frog = una rana \_\_\_\_\_

# Los adjetivos

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Adjectives in Spanish must agree in **number** as well as **gender**. That is, if the noun is singular, then the adjective describing it must also be singular. If the noun is plural, then the adjective must also be plural.

to make an adjective plural . . .

1. add **-s** if it ends in a vowel.

**ejemplo:** alto > altos

2. add **-es** if it ends in a consonant.

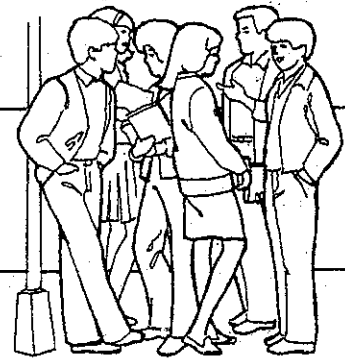
**ejemplo:** fácil > fáciles

Most adjectives have four forms:

	singular	plural
masculine	alto	altos
feminine	alta	altas

If a group contains both masculine and feminine nouns, use the masculine plural form.

**ejemplo:** Los chicos y las chicas son altos.  
(The boys and the girls are tall.)



Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the underlined adjective in each phrase. **Remember**—Some adjectives change form because of gender.

1. small girls = **las chicas** \_\_\_\_\_
2. interesting books = **los libros** \_\_\_\_\_
3. thin men = **los hombres** \_\_\_\_\_
4. innocent people = **las personas** \_\_\_\_\_
5. difficult tests = **los exámenes** \_\_\_\_\_
6. boring classes = **las clases** \_\_\_\_\_
7. pretty women = **las mujeres** \_\_\_\_\_
8. excellent teachers = **los maestros** \_\_\_\_\_
9. ugly houses = **las casas** \_\_\_\_\_
10. big meals = **las comidas** \_\_\_\_\_
11. nice boys = **los chicos** \_\_\_\_\_
12. impatient fathers = **los padres** \_\_\_\_\_